HEART FOR AFRICA (CANADA) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

INDEX

Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Statement of Financial Position	4
Statement of Changes in Unrestricted Net Assets	5
Statement of Operations	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Financial Statements	8 - 10

Page

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Heart for Africa (Canada)

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Heart for Africa (Canada) (the "Organization") which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022 and the statement of operations, statement of changes in unrestricted net assets and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section on our report. We are independent of the Organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organization's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organization to cease to continue as a going concern.

Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario XXXXXXXXXX

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021
ASSETS Current Cash	<u>\$ 271,239</u>	<u>\$ 381,306</u>
Intangible asset, note 3	<u>6,615</u> <u>\$277,854</u>	<u>8,269</u> <u>\$389,575</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue - restricted contributions, note 4	\$ 8,179 200,915 209,094	\$ 6,781 242,767 249,548
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted net assets	<u>68,760</u> <u>\$277,854</u>	<u>140,027</u> <u>\$ 389,575</u>

Approved on behalf of the Board: anine Maxwell Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022			2021		
Unrestricted net assets, beginning of year	\$	140,027	\$	104,736		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year		(71,267)		35,291		
Unrestricted net assets, end of year	\$	68,760	\$	140,027		

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021	
Revenue			
Donations, note 4	<u>\$ 749,791</u>	<u>\$ 675,561</u>	
Expenditures			
Orphanage and children's programs, note 5	414,138	345,722	
Project Canaan - general, note 5	193,300	155,045	
Project Canaan farm and facility, note 5	81,437	65,481	
Payroll and benefits	62,752	-	
Travel	18,631	8,434	
Fundraising	16,913	17,982	
Office and general	10,613	6,888	
Professional fees	9,709	9,107	
Management services	6,170	29,153	
Bank charges	5,741	804	
Depreciation	1,654	1,654	
	821,058	640,270	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year	<u>\$ (71,267)</u>	\$ 35,291	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021	
Cash flows from operating activities Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year Items not affecting cash:	\$ (71,267)	\$ 35,291	
Depreciation of intangible asset	<u> </u>	<u>1,654</u> 36,945	
Changes in non-cash working capital balances: Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue - restricted contributions Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(41,852)	156,476 	
Cash flows provided from (used in) operating activities	(110,067)	194,201	
Cash, beginning of year	381,306	187,105	
Cash, end of year	\$ 271,239	<u>\$ 381,306</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

1. **DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION**

Heart for Africa (Canada) (the "Organization") is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and as such, is a non-taxable entity. The Organization funds improvements to and operations of orphanages in Swaziland, including providing medical supplies and treatment, food and other basic needs of the orphans being cared for.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are as follows:

Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are initially recorded as deferred revenue and only recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Financial instruments

The Organization's financial instruments consist of cash, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Cash is carried at fair value. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost. Transaction costs and financial fees associated with financial instruments carried at amortized cost are recorded as adjustments to the initial fair value recognized and amortized over the life of the financial instrument or shorter, dependent upon the expected period of cash flow.

When there is an indication of impairment and such an impairment is determined to have occurred, the carrying amount of financial assets, measured at amortized cost is reduced to the greater of the discounted future cash flows expected or the proceeds that could be realized from the sale of the financial asset. Such impairments can be subsequently reversed if the value subsequently improves.

Intangible asset

Intangible asset consists of a website for use in the Organization. Separately acquired intangible assets are measured at cost on initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets are accounted for at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. The Website is amortized over its estimated useful life of 10 years on a straight-line basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued...)

Impairment of long lived assets

Long-lived assets, which are comprised of an intangible asset, are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If the sum of the undiscounted future cash flows expected from use and residual value is less than carrying amount, the long-lived asset is considered impaired. An impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying value of the long-lived assets exceeds the fair value.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-forprofit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. The significant areas requiring the use of management estimates are the fair value of non-monetary donations and the useful life of intangible asset. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. INTANGIBLE ASSET

	Cost	 nulated tization	Net	022 Book alue	Net	2021 t Book Value
Website	\$ 13,230	\$ 6,615	\$	6,615	\$	8,269

4. DEFERRED REVENUE - RESTRICTED CONTRIBUTIONS

	Deferred revenue as at December 31, 2021	Restricted Contributions contributions recognized received as revenue	
Orphanage and children's programs Project Canaan farm and facility Project Canaan - general	\$ 145,900 47,999 48,868 \$ 242,767	\$ 265,235 \$ (314,629 61,885 (76,608 <u>110,392</u> (88,127 \$ 437,512 \$ (479,364) 33,276) 71,133

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Organization works with Heart for Africa (Swaziland), a related organization by virtue of common management, to operate the orphanage and farming programs. The Organization supplied funding for the following programs:

	2022	2021
Orphanage and children's programs	\$ 414,138	\$ 345,722
Project Canaan - general	\$ 193,300	\$ 155,045
Project Canaan farm and facility	\$ 81,437	\$ 65,481

These transactions occurred in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Transacting in financial instruments exposes the Organization to certain financial risks and uncertainties. These risks include:

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities. The Organization's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on ongoing contributions from donors or raising funds to meet commitments and sustain operations. The Organization controls liquidity risk by management and monitoring of working capital and cash flows. The exposure to this risk has not changed from the prior year.